

## PROHIBITION BILL OFFERED IN SENATE

(Continued From First Page.)

Public Instruction and the Department of Agriculture are given quarters elsewhere—the latter in the new State library annex. The resolution went to committee.

Both houses agreed on February 19 a time limit for introducing new bills, with a proviso that tax measures may be presented after that date.

The bill punishing those who use profane language over a telephone was passed in the House after the joint session had been adjourned.

Among the new bills was one by Mr. Jennings, appropriating \$50,000 for the proposed Gettysburg monument, adopting the design approved by the commission. The grounds plan, providing public grounds for children in every town or city of more than 10,000 people, was also introduced by Mr. Jennings.

Mr. Throckmorton proposed a resolution asking the United States government for the services of an expert to examine the unproductive lands, especially the swamp lands, of the State, and to report on them, with a view to their being reclaimed and the probable cost.

## SENATE

With prayer by Rev. Robert W. Forsyth, of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, in which he petitioned that "the sacredness of the homes of the Commonwealth" might continue, the Senate began its daily work yesterday.

Two days' leave of absence was granted to Senator King at the request of Senator Carter.

Reporting from the Joint Committee on the Senate, Senator Ward stated that it has been decided to set February 19 as the date for the final presentation of bills, providing that bills affecting the public finance might be introduced notwithstanding. The report was agreed to.

After all other bills had been introduced, Senator Strode sent to the clerk's desk his State-wide prohibition bill. He asked that it be referred to the Committee on Courts of Justice, as it involved some weighty legal questions.

Senator Sale was of opinion that such a bill should go to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, he said, with an election.

First to Privileges and Elections and then to the Committee on Finance was the suggestion of Senator Echols. Delegate Lyons brought a message from the House stating its concurrence in the resolution fixing February 19 as the final date for the introduction of bills other than those dealing with the public finance.

Resuming the combat as to which committee the State-wide prohibition bill should go, Senator Sale said it dealt with an important subject matter and should go through the regular channels.

Approving the view of Senator Echols, Senator Keckell said that if the bill became law it would disturb the financial conditions now existing in the State. It would affect a very large asset on which Virginia is now basing appropriations, and it ought to be considered by the Committee on Privileges and Elections and of Finance.

Senator Folkes, the famous "pioneer of prohibition," suggested that the bill be sent to the Committee on County, City and Town Organizations, of which he is a member.

The liquor interest yield about \$100,000 or \$500,000 annually to the State, said Senator Keckell, and the Finance Committee is now figuring on this for the budget for the next two years.

"Are you the only one who has had the privilege of inspecting your bill?" asked Senator Holt, of Senator Strode. The member from Amherst replied that he was the only member of the Senate who had perused the bill, but that he had had the right to confer with whomever he pleased in reference to it. He drew the bill himself, he pointed out.

When the matter was put up to him, President Ellyson committed the bill to the care of the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

The following bills went through and were given the final assent of the Senate: To authorize the board of supervisors to appropriate money for the erection of monuments to Confederate soldiers at county seats; Senator Parsons' bill on the courts in the State district; Senator Sale's bill in relation to a minor change in the act in relation to State depositories; Senator Holt's bill to authorize the town of Clarksville to purchase certain outstanding bridge certificates; Senator Ward's bill to authorize counties to purchase and use for road work.

Senator Ellyson's bill to authorize the board of supervisors to appropriate money for the erection of monuments to Confederate soldiers at county seats; Senator Parsons' bill on the courts in the State district; Senator Sale's bill in relation to a minor change in the act in relation to State depositories; Senator Holt's bill to authorize the town of Clarksville to purchase certain outstanding bridge certificates; Senator Ward's bill to authorize counties to purchase and use for road work.

The amendments to the Constitution were passed over in the absence of their sponsor, Senator Halsey.

## Diseased Kidneys and Liver Poison the Blood

Diseased Kidneys Cause More Sickness, Suffering and Nervous Complications Than All Other Ills Humanity Is Heir To.

Mr. W. R. Lindberg, who has been permanently cured after he had suffered for years, writes as follows: "No medicine can equal Warner's Safe Cure in the cure of kidney, bladder, liver, stomach and even heart disease. For years I was afflicted with kidney and bladder trouble, rheumatism and a very weak heart. I was reduced to merely a skeleton. Doctors and the best medicine I heard of and used did me no good. I gave up all hope of recovery. I was so weak my heart troubled me very much. I frequently took fainting spells, my kidneys were in a deplorable condition. I could not rest or sleep. I was obliged to get up five or six times in the night to void my urine, and consequently could get no rest or sleep, which, of course, undermined my weak condition. Now, after having used several bottles of Warner's Safe Cure, I go to bed, sleep well, rest well and do not need to get up. I am well, healthy, strong and happy, thanks to your Warner's Safe Cure. I will have faith and confidence in Warner's Safe Cure till I die."—W. R. Lindberg, Halifax, N. S., Can.

When the kidneys are diseased the uric acid is not carried off, and this causes Rheumatism, Backache, Gout and Bright's Disease. Warner's Safe Cure drives out the uric acid and prevents and cures all forms of kidney disease.

## WARNER'S SAFE CURE

For Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood

is made from the fresh juices of plants and medicinal roots, gathered at the proper season in the various quarters of the globe. Men skilled in botany and chemistry compound it. It is pleasant to the taste and agreeable to the most sensitive stomach. It is put up in 50c and \$1.00 sizes, and is sold by all druggists.

### Constipation and Biliousness

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS, purely vegetable, absolutely free from injurious substances, a perfect laxative, will cure Indigestion, Biliousness, Torpid Liver and Constipation. They do not gripe or leave any bad after effects. 25 cents a package.

SAMPLE BOTTLE AND BOX OF PILLS FREE.—To convince every sufferer from disease of the kidneys, liver, bladder and blood that WARNER'S SAFE CURE will absolutely cure, a sample bottle and a sample box of Warner's Safe Pills will be sent FREE OF CHARGE, by mail, to any one who will write WARNER'S SAFE CURE, Rochester, N. Y., and mention having seen this liberal offer in the Richmond Times-Dispatch. The genuineness of this offer is fully guaranteed by the publishers.

Senator Strode was in the chair for a period. On motion of Senator Holt, the Senate adjourned at 1:10 o'clock.

## HOUSE

At the opening of the House session to-day Mr. Stratton offered his resolution regarding the assignment of offices. It sets forth that whereas it was understood when the building of the new capitol was ordered, the old hall of the Senate and House of Delegates should be forever used by the General Assembly, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Agriculture should vacate their present offices. The Department of Public Instruction is given the rooms lately occupied by the Commissioner of Labor and Register of the Land Office, in the basement, and the Department of Agriculture the offices on the mezzanine floor of the new wall of exhibits, where the commissioner is to have charge of the Jamestown mineral exhibit in addition to his present museum.

The Commissioner of Labor is to be housed in the rooms until lately the place of abode of the State Highway Commissioner and the Secretary of Virginia Military Records. The resolution, which is a joint one, was referred to the Committee on Public Property.

Limit for New Bills. The conference committee of the two houses on the joint resolution as to the time limit for the introduction of new bills was presented and agreed to. It forbids the introduction of new measures after February 19, except by unanimous consent, but does not apply to measures affecting the finances of the State. The amendment was placed in the resolution for the purpose of allowing tax bills to be offered if new sources of taxation should be discovered.

The House bill appropriating certain amounts for the care of Confederate cemeteries having been amended by the Senate by the addition of certain sums, the amendment was agreed to.

At the request of Mr. Row the House took up House bill No. 115 out of its order. It provides for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the city of Richmond, and is to be introduced in that city and in Elizabeth City county to give them a separate judicial circuit, so as to make a circuit out of the counties of Accomac and Northampton. A number of amendments were offered and discussed for the purpose of having the city pay the cost, amounting to about \$100, instead of the State. However, the amendments were lost and the bill passed.

Cursing Bill Amended. Next came the anti-cursing bill. Mr. Evans withdrew his amendment of the day before, striking the word "profane" from the bill, but insisted upon his amendment eliminating the jail sentence. He said he had heard the best of men use profane language in the best of company, and such a man might unconsciously use such language over the telephone, and should not be put in jail.

Mr. Fitzhugh, the patron, said he was not in favor of the bill.

At this point the last House bill on third reading was reached. It provides appropriations for the projected Virginia Home and Industrial School for Girls. When it was called Mr. Yarell asked that the motion be drawn, saying that he wanted to make a motion on the succeeding bill, known as the divorce bill. Mr. Cooke withdrew. Mr. Williams, of Giles, arose and said that he proposed to fight the girls' school bill, thus putting those who wished to adjourn on notice that a debate was ahead. Mr. Cooke thereupon renewed his motion, and at 1:55 the House adjourned.

## Senate Bills

By Mr. Holland: A bill to authorize an executor or administrator of a deceased person to execute on behalf of such person a state or real estate tax, in case of a deceased person during his lifetime under a written contract.

By Mr. Holland: A bill to authorize and empower the board of supervisors of any county in this State, in their discretion, to contribute and expend annually out of the general county levy of the said county a sum of money for the purpose of promoting agriculture in said county.

By Mr. Holland: A bill to provide for the assessment and payment of omitted capitation taxes and of capitation taxes on the general county levy of the said county a sum of money for the purpose of promoting agriculture in said county.

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By Mr. Holland: A bill to repeal an act entitled an act to establish a division for the sale of intoxicating liquors in Jerusalem Magisterial District, Southampton county, Va.; to prohibit all persons, firms or corporations, except manufacturers of apples and peach brandy in said district, to sell, barter or exchange such liquors in said district, and to repeal all laws in conflict with this act so far as they apply to the said district, approved February 15, 1901, and all acts amendatory thereof.

By Mr. Sale: A bill to authorize the Governor of Virginia to appoint three representatives from this State as commissioners on uniform bonds for the Virginia Military Institute and Virginia Polytechnic Institute.

By Mr. Sale: A bill to amend and re-enact section 9 of the Code of Virginia, as previously amended.

By Mr. Sale: A bill providing a method by which cities may vote upon a bond issue for the erection of school buildings.

By Mr. Sale: A bill to amend and re-enact section 101 of an act to raise revenue for the support of the government and public free schools and to pay the interest on the public debt, and to provide a special tax for pensions.

By Mr. Strode: A bill to provide for the question of prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, and to declare the effect of the result of such a question to become a law, and to prevent depredations upon and misappropriations of property in the possession of common carriers of passengers.

By Mr. Sale: A bill to amend and re-enact section 9 of the Code of Virginia.

## House Bills

To Committee on Finance. By Mr. Bowman, of Roanoke: A bill to amend and re-enact section 10-A of chapter 11 of the Code of Virginia, relating to assessments of lands, lots and interests therein, and improvements thereon, as the same has been heretofore amended by chapter 312, Act of 1906.

By Mr. Jennings: A bill to continue in force and to again appropriate the \$100 heretofore appropriated by an act approved March 3, 1908, entitled an act to make an appropriation to provide for the erection of a monument on the battlefield of Gettysburg, Va., to commemorate the services of Virginia troops in the battle on that field (no part thereof having been expended up to this time) and to provide for the design of the monument selected by the committee appointed under said act of March 3, 1908; and to authorize and direct said committee to proceed with the erection of said monument; and to appropriate the further sum of \$1000 for that purpose.

To Committee on Agriculture and its Tributaries. By Mr. Currie: A bill to prohibit the catching of fish or other aquatic life to be carried into fertilizer or soil.

To Committee on Roads and Internal Navigation. By Mr. Snyder: A bill for the protection of public and the promotion of safety in the movement of trains by telegraph, telephone and signal service.

To Committee for Courts of Justice. By Mr. Johnson, of Russell: A bill to make certain offenses felonies.

By Mr. Cooke: A bill to prohibit persons from marrying within two years after divorce.

To Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns. By Mr. Jordan: A bill to authorize and empower the board of supervisors of any county in this State, in their discretion, to contribute and expend annually out of the general county levy of the said county a sum of money for the purpose of promoting agriculture in said county.

To Committee on Privileges and Elections. By Mr. Throckmorton: A bill to provide for the assessment and payment of omitted capitation taxes and of capitation taxes on the general county levy of the said county a sum of money for the purpose of promoting agriculture in said county.

To Committee on Federal Relations. By Mr. Throckmorton: A joint resolution requiring our Congressmen and Senators to have the United States government send reports to ascertain the number of unproductive acres of land in the State, etc.

To Joint Committee on Special, Private and Local Legislation. By Mr. Parr: A bill to further preserve and protect the game in the county of Patrick.

By Mr. Grigsby: A bill to incorporate the town of Boyce, in the county of Clarke.

To Committee on Officers and Offices at the several State offices.

By Mr. Stratton: A joint resolution as to the assignment of committee rooms to the several State offices.

To establish a State Board of Embalming.

At this point the last House bill on third reading was reached. It provides appropriations for the projected Virginia Home and Industrial School for Girls. When it was called Mr. Yarell asked that the motion be drawn, saying that he wanted to make a motion on the succeeding bill, known as the divorce bill. Mr. Cooke withdrew. Mr. Williams, of Giles, arose and said that he proposed to fight the girls' school bill, thus putting those who wished to adjourn on notice that a debate was ahead. Mr. Cooke thereupon renewed his motion, and at 1:55 the House adjourned.

Such conditions will not obtain much longer in this State, if the House of Delegates and the Senate take the same view of the bill as did the House Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns, for at the conclusion of the argument it decided unanimously to report the bill.

The committee took two sessions at the matter yesterday. The two morning sessions were consumed, and adjournment was taken until 3:30. After the committee rose at noon the representatives of the drummers and those of the hotels got together and agreed upon a bill which, it is understood, is satisfactory to both sides.

Long Sheets Leaving. At the final showdown the ninety-six-inch sheet was on top, with a considerable shrinkage from the original nine-foot article, which the festive traveling man had hoped to swathe his many form. Former Delegate Featherston, of Campbell county, representing the drummers, denied to the committee yesterday that the long sheet was for his special benefit, although he measured the sheet from the ground up. His graphic description of the tortures he suffers doubled up in a Pullman berth, with ropes tying his ankles and neck together, brought tears from the eyes of the committee and doubtless did much to hasten the conclusion of the whole matter. It was suggested that a system of buttons might enable the sleeper to fasten the flap of the sheet to the blanket.

Safety and health are the objects most sought by the bill, and to this end there is to be provided a means of escape from the bottom of every lightwell and a way to get to said bottom. All rooms used by any person suffering from an infectious, contagious or communicable disease are to be thoroughly disinfected, and every room is to be disinfected once in six months, under the approval of the State Board of Health. The board's inspectors will examine all hotels for violations of the provisions of the bill.

Clean Towns Ahead. Drinking water is to be properly guarded. Bedding is to be thoroughly aired after use, and is to be properly looked after. Last, but by no means least, every guest is to be provided with a clean towel.

The bonfire who neglects to comply with any of the provisions of the bill, is to be fined not more than \$100 or imprisoned not exceeding thirty days. Hotels will pay the fees for inspection, which are small, and those failing to pay are to be fined a small amount.

The bill was asked for by the Virginia Travelers' Association, the United Commercial Travelers and the Travelers' Protective Association, and has now been agreed to by the Virginia Hotel Association. The traveling men at first got up a bill which was found to be too drastic, and their friends in the Legislature insisted upon a new measure. The patrons of the bill which will be reported to the House to-morrow and placed on the calendar are Mr. Harwood and Dr. H. U. Stephenson, of New Kent.

Mr. Snyder introduced in the House yesterday the bill prohibiting the employment by railroads of telegraph operators, telephone operators or signal service men under eighteen years of age and who have not served apprenticeships for at least six months. This is to add to the safety of the public.

Before the House Committee for Courts of Justice yesterday appeared Ex-Archbishop-General Anderson, Judge J. Edgar Crump and Judge Martin Williams, asking for the approval of the bill providing for a revision of the Code of the State of Virginia. The bill is for the appointment of three men by the Governor to do the work, while the resolutions presented by Major Anderson from the Virginia Bar Association are for the election of three men to be recommended by the Supreme Court of Appeals. Major Anderson's idea was to get men who would not only compile the laws, but would revise them, cut out repetitions, reword complex sections and generally make the statutes more comprehensive, subject to the approval of the General Assembly.

## Blasting Out All Winter Shoes With the Dynamite of Low Prices

# Hit 'Em Hard!

The second Monday of our "Hit 'Em Hard Sale" of Shoes begins to-morrow! The dynamic values of the past successful week will be increased! Now listen: Seasons bring changes. The farmer does not hold his crop over the second year—he sells it. The manufacturer does not keep his goods—he sells them. So the merchant cannot afford to carry goods over from one season to another. HE MUST HAVE ROOM AND MONEY. For this reason we offer prices that we lose money on!

Ladies' \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shoes—These are high-class Sample Shoes, sizes 3, 3½ and 4, and A, B, C lasts ..... **\$2.49**

Ladies' \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shoes—Both button and bluchers; leathers include gunmetal and patent, and all lasts and sizes ..... **\$2.99**

Ladies' \$4.00 and \$5.00 Shoes—Patent colts and other leathers, of button and bluchers ..... **\$2.49**

Ladies' High-Class Shoes—Strictly \$3.50 value. Most all sizes and leathers; stylish, comfortable ..... **99c**

Ladies' High-Class Shoes—Included in this lot are some of the rarest bargains in odds and ends ..... **\$1.99**

Men's \$4.00 and \$5.00 Shoes—Patent, Vici, Gunmetal and Tan, carefully made, and they wear like iron ..... **\$3.49**

Men's \$3.50 and \$3.00 Shoes—All leathers, such as gunmetal, patent colt, vici kid, etc. All sizes; price, \$2.49 and ..... **\$2.29**

Children's \$2.00 and \$2.50 Shoes, "Hit 'Em Hard" price ..... **\$1.49**

Men's \$5.00 and \$6.00 Steadfast Shoes—Made in Virginia. Every piece of leather is of the very best. They are hand lasted, thus affording uniformity and evenness that mere mechanical fitting can never give, silk fitted ..... **\$3.99**

Men's Shoes—These are in all leathers, and are positively in the \$3.50 up to \$5.00 grade ..... **\$2.99**

Men's \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 Patent Colt, Vici Kid, Gunmetal and Tan, button and blucher; all sizes; solid leather; price, \$1.99 ..... **\$1.69**

Ladies' \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$4.50 Tan Shoes—Easy on the feet; lend charm to any dress, and full of the most lasting kind of wear. Prices to \$2.49 and ..... **\$3.49**

Ladies' \$3.50 and \$4.00 Tan Shoes—Are mostly high shoes, and as Oxford time is just around the corner, room we must have ..... **\$1.99**

Misses' Shoes—Including all leathers and all sizes, and some of the best makes of Shoes that are on the market to-day ..... **\$1.49**

Misses' \$2.50 and \$3.00 Shoes—All leathers, all sizes and the neatest, nicest style ..... **\$1.69**

Misses' Shoes—This lot includes some exceptional offers, which will be snapped up rapidly by shoppers to-morrow ..... **\$1.29**

A lot of Boys' \$1.50 Shoes—The kind that stand the hard knocks, because they are good leather ..... **99c**

A lot of Boys' \$1.50 and \$2.00 Shoes—Tough as iron, yet they lend neatness to boys ..... **\$1.19**

Boys' \$2.00 and \$2.50 Shoes—All solid leather, in tan, patent and vici, as well as gunmetal ..... **\$1.49**

Boys' \$3.00 and \$3.50 Shoes—It matters not what style your boy wants, it matters not what leather he prefers, it matters not whether he wants the button or blucher; price, \$2.49 and ..... **\$1.99**

Shoes for the Children—Children's Shoes, all solid leather; "Hit 'Em Hard" price ..... **\$1.49**

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